Financial Report For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

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Committee's Report

Your committee members submit the financial report of the association for the financial year ended 30 April 2023.

Committee Member Names

The names of committee members as at the date of this report are:

Phillip Raymont President

Chris Baldwin Vice President Youth Services
Graham Sherer Vice President Rescue Services

Karen Hickmott Director of Finance
Tracey Clifton Director of Administration

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were the operation of a surf life saving club.

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the financial year.

Operating Result

Dated:

The surplus from ordinary activities of the Association for the financial year amounted to \$67,480 (2022: \$40,961).

30 June, 2023

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Members of the Committee.

President

| Karen Hicknott
| Director of Finance |



Independent Auditor's Declaration to the Members of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

We hereby declare that to the best of our knowledge and belief during the year ended 30 April 2023, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Australian Charities and Not- for-profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

FORTUNITY ASSURANCE

Adrian Thompson

Partner

Erina:

Dated: 30 June 2023

Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Revenue	2	365,532	704,249
Revenue	2	303,332	704,249
Expenses			
Advertising & promotion		-	266
Audit, accounting & bookkeeping	3	2,805	4,207
Building & property expenses		37,660	34,937
Capitation levy & insurances		29,551	27,258
Depreciation & amortisation		33,466	30,706
Employee benefits expenses		58,501	267,873
Functions & catering expenses		18,468	14,904
Lifesaving expenses		5,988	7,908
Loss on disposal of assets		1,111	-
Materials & consumables used		76,423	227,358
Membership servicing, development & recognition		13,071	19,168
Office/Administration expenses		14,894	14,173
Surf sports expenses		1,628	1,254
Training & education expenses		2,810	1,347
Other expenses	3	1,676	11,929
		298,052	663,288
Surplus for the year		67,480	40,961
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income		67,480	40,961

Statement of Financial Position As at 30 April 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current Assets		•	·
Cash & Cash Equivalents	4	51,092	72,942
Trade & Other Receivables	5	87,786	17,863
Other assets	6 7	15,270 38,425	14,039 32,601
Inventory	I	30,423	32,001
Total Current Assets		192,573	137,445
Non-Current Assets			
Financial Assets	8	292,328	288,817
Property, plant & equipment	9	254,042	252,234
Total Non-Current Assets		546,370	541,051
Total Assets		738,943	678,496
Current Liabilities			
Trade & Other Liabilities	10	14,450	28,131
Employee Benefits	11	27,867	28,996
Other liabilities	12	44,265	23,407
Total Current Liabilities		86,582	80,534
Non Compant Lightlities			
Non-Current Liabilities Employee Benefits	11	-	13,081
Total Non-Current Liabilities			13,081
Total Liabilities		86,582	93,615
Net assets		652,361	584,881
Members Funds			
Retained Earnings		652,361	584,881
Total Members Funds		652,361	584,881

Statement of Changes in Members' Funds For the Financial Year ended 30 April 2023

	Retained Earnings \$	Total
\$	·	
Balance 30 April 2021	543,920	543,920
Surplus for the year	40,961	40,961
Balance 30 April 2022	584,881	584,881
Surplus for the year	67,480	67,480
Balance 30 April 2023	652,361	652,361
Balance 30 April 2021 Surplus for the year Balance 30 April 2022 Surplus for the year	40,961 584,881 67,480	40,961 584,881 67,480

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 April 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Receipts from grants Interest Received Payments to suppliers and employees		358,479 21,514 - (366,851)	709,510 67,551 975 (685,249)
Net cash provided by operating activities	13	13,142	92,787
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Payments for property, plant & equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipm Payments for investments	ent	(37,982) 2,991 -	(47,790) - (300,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(34,991)	(347,790)
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash Held		(21,849)	(255,003)
Cash as at the beginning of the financial period		72,942	327,945
Cash as at the end of the Financial Period	4	51,093	72,942

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This financial report is a special purpose financial report prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009, the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and associated regulations. The committee has determined that the association is not a reporting entity.

Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is an association registered under the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 and domiciled in New South Wales.

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historic costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated specifically, current valuations of non-current assets.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the *Australian Charites and Not-for-profits Commissions Act 2012* and associated regulations. The Board have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of the Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'; AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows'; AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'; AASB 1048 'Interpretations of Standards'; AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures' as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities.

Accounting Policies

Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of goods

Sale of goods revenue is recognised at the point of sale, which is when the customer takes receipt of the goods, the risks and rewards are transferred to the customer and there is a valid sales contract. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of sales returns and discounts.

Functions and Events

Revenue from functions and events are recognised once the event is held in the Club facilities and has met its obligations to provide a venue for the expressed purpose agreed with the parties. The accounting treatment of deferring functions and events revenue is an approach originally adopted for 30 April 2020 and carried forward due to the impact of the health emergency on events booked by the Club.

Membership fees

Revenue from membership fees is recognised at time of receipt.

Grants and donations

Grant & donation income is recognised as revenue when received unless they are designated for a specific purpose, where they are carried forward as prepaid income on the balance sheet.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Buildings

Buildings are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event that the carrying amount of buildings is greater than its estimated recoverable amount the decrease in value is shown in the profit and loss statement as a revaluation decrease.

Plant and Equipment / Surf Patrol Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss as revaluation decreases if the impairment losses relate to the revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets is depreciated on a straight line or diminishing-value basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Land & Buildings	3%
Plant and Equipment	10 – 25%
Surf Patrol Equipment	10 – 15%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments

Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at cost which includes transaction costs when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets

Financial assets that are within the scope of the accounting standards are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Club holds investments classified as fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of financial assets, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company review the carrying value of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the assets fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the assets carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included in other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Income Tax

As the company is a charitable institution in the terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
2. Revenue		
Sales Revenue Sale of goods Rendering services, functions & catering	174,233 67,661	508,943 33,854
Total Sales Revenue	241,894	542,797
Not-for-Profit Revenue Competitions & carnivals Grants & donations Membership revenue	1,417 20,014 61,573	2,056 29,222 49,725
Sponsorship & fundraising Sundry revenue	17,973 13,045	22,595 16,776
Total Not-for-Profit Revenue	114,022	120,374
Other Income Interest Received Gain on Disposal of Asset Government Subsidies Insurance Claim Change in fair value of investments Total Other Revenue	1,393 1,500 3,212 3,511 	254 591 38,329 1,904 - 41,078
Total Operating Revenue	365,532	704,249
3. Expenses		
Surplus includes the following specific expenses: Audit Fees	3,900	3,780
Change in fair value of financial assets	(3,511)	11,183
4. Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Cash at Bank Cash on Hand	50,392 700	71,842 1,100
	51,092	72,942

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

		2023	2022
5.	Trade & Other Receivable	\$	\$
	Trade Receivables Other Receivables Accrued Income	48,397 34,519 4,870	17,863 - -
		87,786	17,863
	Other receivables represents an amount overpa May 2023.	aid to a supplier in error and was returned t	o the Club in
6.	Prepayments		
	Prepayments	15,270	14,039
		15,270	14,039
7.	Inventory		
	Inventory on Hand - Bar Inventory on Hand - Clothing Inventory on Hand - Café	3,841 34,584 - - 38,425	2,273 25,913 4,415 32,601
8.	Financial Assets		
	Investment portfolio	292,328	288,817
		292,328	288,817

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

		2023 \$	2022 \$
9.	Property, Plant and Equipment	•	•
	Property improvements Less accumulated depreciation	245,152 (125,915)	232,247 (117,597)
	2000 dood.malated doproolation	<u> </u>	
		119,237	114,650
	Plant and equipment	299,087	312,409
	Less accumulated depreciation	(176,380)	(188,182)
		122,707	124,227
	Office Furniture & Equipment	6,641	6,641
	Less accumulated depreciation	(6,569)	(6,497)
		72	144
	Furniture & Fittings	23,941	23,941
	Less accumulated depreciation	(12,856)	(11,285)
		11,085	12,656
	Low Value Pool	11,873	10,927
	Less accumulated depreciation	(10,932)	(10,370)
		941	557
	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	254,042	252,234
10.	Trade & Other Payables		
	ATO Payable	8,050	19,627
	Other Payables	6,400	8,504
		14,450	28,131

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

2023 \$	2022 \$
20,927 6,940	17,208 11,788
27,867	28,996
-	13,081
-	13,801
24,765 19,500	12,907 10,500
44,265	23,407
67,480	40,961
33,466 (282)	30,706
(3,511)	11,183
(69,923) (1,231) (5,824) (13,681) (14,210) 20,858	15,804 8,726 (319) 1,612 (10,225) (5,661)
13,142	92,787
	\$ 20,927 6,940 27,867 24,765 19,500 44,265 67,480 33,466 (282) (3,511) (69,923) (1,231) (5,824) (13,681) (14,210) 20,858

14. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Committee members are not aware of any significant contingent liabilities or contingent assets affecting the Association at reporting date.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Financial Year Ended 30 April 2023

15. Events after the Reporting Period

The Committee are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

16. Disclosures under the NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

Fundraising appeals conducted by the Club during the year led to a number of donations. Net fundraising is applied to the operational expenses of the Club in its core lifesaving activities. Comparisons of certain monetary figures and percentages in accordance with the requirements of the *NSW Charitable Fundraising Act 1991* are set out below.

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Aggregate gross income from bequests* Aggregate gross income from fundraising Aggregate gross income from donations Less total direct cost of fundraising	6,100 7,380	6,100 1,335
	13,480	7,435

^{*} Bequests are excluded from the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991

17. Related Party Disclosures

(a) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The committee members have not acquired any goods or services from the Club during the year and if they were to do so, any goods or services received would be on the same terms and conditions available to the Club's customers and members.

(b) Key Management Personnel

The total remuneration for all key management personnel for the year ended 30 April 2023 was \$Nil (2022: \$Nil).

Statement by Members of the Committee

In the Committee's opinion:

- (i) the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 (NSW), the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and associated regulations;
- (ii) the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- (iii) the attached financial statements and notes comply with the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991;
- (iv) the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the incorporated association's financial position as at 30 April, 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date:
- (v) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the incorporated association will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (vi) the financial statements give a true and fair view of all income and expenditure with respect to fundraising appeals; and
- (vii) the internal controls exercised by the incorporated association are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by the incorporated association from all fundraising appeals.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee by:

	Perly
President	Kasen Hickmote
Director of Finance	
Dated:	30 June 2023



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated (the Club), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 April 2023, statement of profit or loss & other comprehensive income, statement of changes in members' funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the committee members' declaration.

In our opinion, the financial report of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is in accordance with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Club's financial position as at 30 April 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.
- (c) the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991, including
 - (i) the financial report shows a true and fair view of the financial result of fundraising appeals for the year to which they relate; and
 - (ii) the financial report and associated records have been properly kept during the year in accordance with this Act and the regulations; and
 - (i) money received as a result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with this Act and the regulations; and
 - (ii) Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is solvent, as it is able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the auditor independence requirements and ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

The financial report of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated is a special purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial report.

Other Information

The Committee Members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Club's annual report for the year ended 30 April 2023, but does not include the financial report or our auditor's report thereon.



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Other Information (continued)

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears materially misstated.

If, based on the work performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report on this fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Committee Members' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Committee Members of the Club are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and for such internal control as the committee members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report the Committee Members are responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee Members either intends to liquidate or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Committee Members are responsible for overseeing the Club's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 Fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Club's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee.



Independent Audit Report To The Members Of Toowoon Bay Surf Life Saving Club Incorporated

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Club's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Club's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

FORTUNITY ASSURANCE

Adrian Thompson

Partner

155 The Entrance Road

ERINA NSW

Dated: 30 June 2023